INFORMATION, SCRAP, AND COVER PAGE * * * KEEP YOUR WORK AND YOUR ANSWERS COVERED * * *

This page contains information which may or may not be needed. This page can also be used for scrap paper or for cover paper. THIS PAGE WILL NOT BE COLLECTED. TEAR THIS PAGE OFF THE EXAM.

Avogadro's Number

$$6.022 \times 10^{23}$$

Electromagnetic Radiation
$$c = \lambda v = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \,\text{J} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$E = hv = hc/\lambda$$

Electron Energy

$$E = -2.18 \times 10^{-18} \,\mathrm{J} \left(\frac{Z^2}{n^2} \right)$$

Transition Energy

$$\Delta E = -2.18 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J} \left(\frac{1}{n_{\text{final}}^2} - \frac{1}{n_{\text{initial}}^2} \right)$$

PRIN	T NA	ME						
SIGN	NAI	ME _	<u> </u>					
				40				
CIRC	LE y	our r	ecitatio	n section in the	list below.			
	5:	$\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{x}}$	12:00	LF 102	6:	Th	8:00	HM 209
	7:	F	10:00	HM 108	8:	w	2:00	HM 106
	9:	Th	9:00	HM 215	10:	F	1:00	HM 209
	11:	M	1:00	HM 101				
				SCORED GF	RADE:			

All answers should be with the correct significant figures.

The Periodic Table and Information Page will not be collected. They may be used as scratch paper or as cover paper. Do not turn them in. If you wish to check your answers against the key, you can copy your answers to those pages.

Be certain your answers are clear. If an answer is not clear, it can be considered wrong.

Problems marked with ** in the margin are from the assigned homework. These total 23 points.

Place your name in the space provided at the top of each question page. This helps to identify the pages if they are accidentally separated during grading and processing.

Work promptly. Use your time effectively.

KEEP YOUR WORK AND ANSWERS COVERED.							
1.		Indicate whe		ement is tr	ue (T) or false	e (F). Be certain T	
	IR radiation has a shorter wavelength than visible radiation.						
	An e	xcitation alway	s increases th	e energy of	the electron	in an atom.	
	Phosphorescence is characterized by delayed relaxation.						
	Spin exclusion limits every orbital to two electrons maximum.						
	Aluminum is a <i>d</i> -block metal.						
	Neutral atoms of all elements in Group 13 have one unpaired electron.						
	A tin atom has five valence electrons in $n = 4$.						
	Ti ²⁺ has a full subshell configuration.						
2.		Give the numb	_		in each of the	Ū	
3.	(6 pts)	Write the full	electron config	guration for	· Si.		
4.	(4 pts)	Circle the entr	y below which	n has the gr	eatest desire	to gain an electron	
	Br	Cl	Cl^-	S	S^{2-}	P	
5.	(2 pts)	How many ele neutral atom		od 3 are par	ramagnetic (a	ıs 	

(2 pts) How many core electrons are in an atom of Se?

(2 pts) Which element in the p-block has the highest ${\rm IE}_2$?

last name: __

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** 6. (4 pts) The solar wind contains many unusual and very high energy ions flying through space. One such ion is O^{7+} . Circle the energy (in J) of the electron in the n=3 level of O^{7+} .

$$-2.06 \times 10^{-18}$$
 -4.37×10^{-18} -5.82×10^{-18} -7.66×10^{-18} -8.23×10^{-18} -1.55×10^{-17} -3.41×10^{-17} -6.37×10^{-17} -8.84×10^{-17} -9.06×10^{-17}

7. (12 pts) Using noble gas abbreviation, give the configuration of each of the following.

8. (2 pts) What is the value of l for a d subshell?

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(2 pts) What is the maximum number of electrons in any f subshell?

9. (3 pts) What element forms a 2+ cation which is isoelectronic to Al³⁺?

(3 pts) How many subshells are in the n = 4 shell?

(3 pts) What element in Group 16 has the highest ionization energy?